LaserPrinter 8III

Operations Manual
Safety Notices

This printer is certified as a Class 1 laser product under the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) Radiation Performance Standard according to the Radiation Control for Health and Safety Act of 1968. This means that the printer does not produce hazardous laser radiation.

Since radiation emitted inside the printer is completely confined within protective housings and external covers, the laser beam cannot escape from the machine during any phase of user operation.

The Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration implemented regulations for laser products on August 2, 1976. These regulations apply to laser products marketed in the United States. The label on the printer indicates compliance with the CDRH regulations and must be attached to laser products marketed in the United States.

Caution—use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Federal Communications Commission
Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

For compliance with the Federal Noise Interference Standard, this equipment requires a shielded cable.

The above statements apply only to printers marketed in the U.S.A.

Self Declaration

Radio interference regarding this equipment has been eliminated according to Vfg 1056/1984 announced by the DBP.

DBP has been informed of the introduction of this special equipment and has been granted the right to examine the whole series.

It is the user’s responsibility to see that his own assembled system is in accordance with the technical regulations under Vfg 1046/1984.

To conform to FTZ-regulations it is necessary to make all connections to the printer with shielded cable.

The equipment may only be opened by qualified service representatives.

The above statement applies only to printers marketed in West Germany.
Statement of
The Canadian Department of Communications
Radio Interference Regulations

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la classe B prescrites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le Ministère des Communications du Canada.

The above statement applies only to printers marketed in Canada.

Trademark Acknowledgements

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Ventura Publisher: Xerox Corporation
EX-800: Seiko Epson Corporation
HP LaserJet III: Hewlett Packard Company
IBM PC/XT, IBM Proprinter: International Business Machines Corporation
Lotus 1-2-3: Lotus Development Corporation
Microsoft Word, Microsoft Windows: Microsoft Corporation
PageMaker: Aldus Corporation
WordPerfect: WordPerfect, Inc.

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• The above notwithstanding, STAR can assume no responsibility for any errors in this manual.

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Congratulations on purchasing a Star LaserPrinter 8III. You will be delighted with both the quality of the printed images and the ease of operation. With your computer and this printer, you can create professional-looking documents.

This *Operations Manual* is one of two that explore the entire range of printing possibilities of the Star LaserPrinter 8III. This manual is for beginners and for those who plan to concentrate on the basics. Advanced users and those interested in programming should refer to the *Applications Manual*.

Chapter 2 begins with an overview of the manual and of the Star Laser printer. This chapter explains how to unpack your new printer and prepare it for initial operation. Chapter 3 explains how to operate the printer’s front operating panel and display screen.

Some people like to skip the preliminary explanations and begin using the printer immediately. Chapter 4 provides the information for such a fast start. If you begin with Chapter 4, at some later time you should read the rest of the book, in sequence, for a more complete picture of your printer and its operations.

Chapter 5 explains how to set up a page, while Chapter 6 describes the type characteristics and printer operations that will enable you to give your printed pages that professional look.

The Star LaserPrinter 8III emulates the operation of three widely-used printers:

- **HP LaserJet III**, a laser printer
- **Epson EX-800**, a dot-matrix printer
- **IBM Proprinter**, a dot-matrix printer
With this capability, the Star LaserPrinter 8III will operate with a wide range of applications programs on the market, both old and new. Chapter 7 provides the information that will allow you to use your printer with four popular applications programs: *Lotus 1-2-3*, *WordPerfect*, *Microsoft Word*, and *Microsoft Windows*.

Chapter 8 and 9 describe the maintenance and troubleshooting operations to keep your Star LaserPrinter 8III working in “perfect” condition.

**LASER PRINTING**

Before you begin learning about your new Star LaserPrinter 8III, you may find it helpful to know something about laser printing itself.

A laser is actually a beam of light of just one wavelength (*Laser* is an acronym for *Light Amplification by Stimulated Emission of Radiation*). Such a beam of light, described as “highly coherent,” can be focused very sharply. Lasers, generated by gases, liquids or semiconductors, are widely used in applications ranging from surgery to the visual arts.

Laser printing is a process that uses a laser beam — in this case, generated by a semiconductor — to activate portions of an electrically charged surface. These activated parts represent the words, numbers, or graphics being sent from the computer for printing. Other parts of the printer transfer this image to paper, then clean the surface and prepare it to receive more information to be printed.

In other words, this process is a type of laser-activated temporary engraving.

In the Star LaserPrinter 8III, two interconnected units produce the complete printing process: the toner cartridge and the printer body.

The toner cartridge contains the drum, which is the rotating surface. In the darkness of the toner cartridge, the drum holds a negative charge placed on it by the primary corona wire in the printer. Shutters on the bottom of the toner cartridge assure that no unwanted light penetrates its interior.
When text or graphics are sent by the computer to the printer, a laser beam is generated by a semiconductor laser diode. This beam is focused by special scanning mirrors that turn the light beam into a tool that “writes” or “paints” on the surface of the drum. The areas of the drum touched by the laser beam lose their negative charge and contain a reverse image of the information sent from the computer. As the drum rotates, it passes a developer unit that is also rotating, but in the opposite direction. The surface of the developer unit is covered with toner ("ink") which has a negative charge. The neutralized portions of the drum, containing the information to be printed, pick up negatively charged toner from the developer unit.

At this point, paper fed from the paper cassette moves through the transfer unit, from which it receives a positive charge. As the drum rotates, the negatively charged particles of toner are attracted to the positively charged surface of the paper.

A combination of heat and pressure fuse the image to the paper. The paper is then ejected from the printer.

Finally, a cleaning mechanism in the toner cartridge cleans excess toner from the drum, and a special light beam neutralizes its entire surface. Then the entire process can begin again.
THE STAR LASERPRINTER 8III —
AN INTRODUCTION

You will meet each portion of your Star LaserPrinter 8III as you read this manual, but a brief introduction is in order here. The following figures show the printer from the front and the rear.

1. Upper Cover Release Button
2. Carrying Grip Plate
3. Hole for Test Print Button
4. Control Panel
5. Font Cartridge Slots
6. Paper Cassette
7. Paper Set Guides for Manual Feeding
① Facedown Print Delivery Tray
② RAM Expansion Board Slot (covered)
③ Parallel Interface Connector
④ Serial Interface Connector
⑤ Power Cord Connector
⑥ Power Switch
⑦ Faceup Print Delivery Tray (folded up)

You can eject paper face up when the paper tray is folded out as shown below.
The fact that you're now reading this manual shows that you've got at least as far as opening the carton containing your new Star LaserPrinter 8III. This chapter will help you do unpack the printer, set it up, and get it running.

First, though, you should make some preparations. You may already have decided on the printer's new location. Whether you have or have not, run through this checklist of requirements:

- **environmental control** — The printer and toner cartridge should never be exposed to strong sunshine or other direct heat sources. It should also be located away from air conditioning ducts, dust and fumes. Excessive moisture should be avoided, such as humidity in excess of 80% or less than 20%. If it is comfortable for you, then it will be comfortable for your printer.

- **a large, strong table or stand** — The printer weighs 45 lbs (20 kg), and must be firmly supported. Also, the printer will need more room than it takes up in the shipping carton, because the paper cartridge will extend forward from the front, and an auxiliary paper tray will unfold from the rear; so plan for a space at least 3 x 4 ft. (1m²). Because the top of the printer must open, be sure there is at least 24 in. of headroom above the table/stand.

- **a three-pronged outlet** — The outlet should be no more than 5 feet (1.5m) from the printer (the length of the power cord), preferably one shielded from power fluctuations. In any case, no motor-driven appliance should be connected to the same outlet, to avoid interference with the printer's operations.

- **access to the computer/workstation/network** — If you will be using a serial connection, the printer should be a maximum of 50 feet (15m) away, with a parallel connection, no more than 6 feet (2m).

- **a fresh toner cartridge** (product #EP-S).
• **paper** — A package of 16 - 20 lb (60 - 135g/m²) photocopier paper is best to start with; however, the printer can use thicker paper, as well as special media, such as envelopes, mailing labels, and transparent sheets.

• **someone to help you lift the printer from the carton to its new location.**

## UNPACKING

The shipping carton contains two layers of material. On top is a Styrofoam tray containing the paper cassette, power cord, ground wire, and the users' manuals.

![Printed page](image_url)

Remove the tray with its contents and set it aside — NOT on the table where the printer will go. On the bottom, you will see the printer in a plastic bag, resting in its own Styrofoam nest.

Summon your lifting partner and prepare to remove the printer. Since it is tightly cradled in the shipping carton, it may be necessary to tip the carton slightly to get a firm grip. Lifting handles are located half-way back on each underside of the printer, but they will be difficult to use, because of the plastic bag. Lift the printer from the Styrofoam and place it on the table or stand, plastic bag and all. Now slide the bag off by slightly lifting the printer gently.

To stabilize the printer during shipment, it contains several kinds of protective material. The front of the printer has three slots, one about 9 in.
wide and two narrower slots below it. The wide slot is packed with a paper package of silica gel (to absorb moisture during shipping) and a brick of Styrofoam. Remove both of these and save them for use if you must move or ship the printer over long distances.

There are also packing materials inside the printer. Near the right front of the printer’s top you will see a postage-stamp sized, rectangular button.
Place your finger on the arrow and slide the button forward, then press down on it. The top of the printer will pop open slightly, just like the hood of an automobile. The top has two open positions, one at about 45 degrees and the other fully open. Lift the top to its fully open position, so you can see the interior of the printer.

You must remove several pieces of packing material. The largest, a large wedge of Styrofoam, is at the center front of the interior. Lift this out and save it for future repacking.

Toward the back of the interior you will see a green lid with a warning label in red lettering. On the left and right sides of this area are orange stabilizers. Each stabilizer bears a tag with black lettering, telling you (in several languages) to remove them. Grasp one of these and pull it down, then forward in the direction of the arrows on the tag. Remove the second one the same way. Save the stabilizers for future repacking.
After you remove all the packaging material, leave the printer top open, so that you can insert the toner cartridge, which contains the "ink" that will print your documents.
INSERTING THE TONER CARTRIDGE

The toner cartridge comes in a separate sealed carton. Open this and remove a foil package, contained within Styrofoam. Also packed is a small plastic bag containing cleaning material, some of which you will install inside the printer, and an installation sheet.

After separating the two packages from the Styrofoam, pick up the smaller one and open it. In this package is a green and black 8-inch long rod and a cotton swab. The rod is a fixing roller cleaner, with cleaning pad attached to one end. Open the green lid to the upper fixing assembly and insert the cleaning pad end of the roller cleaner into the slot. Slide the cleaning pad back and forth several times.
Remove the cleaner from the slot. Peel off the cleaning pad and discard it.
Now grasp the fixing roller cleaner by the two prongs in the center and install it in the slot you have just cleaned.

Finally, close the green lid. It will not close tightly, but don’t force it down.

Now it is time to install the toner cartridge. Pick up the sealed package that contains it. You will see the letters \textit{EP-S} stamped on one end. This is at the bottom of the cartridge, so turn it over, and snip open the foil. Be careful to grasp the cartridge only at the instruction panel and the other long end, not in the middle. This is to prevent disruption of its moving parts.

Holding the cartridge with two hands, rock it back and forth 5 or 6 times, as shown below, so that it moves through about 90 degrees.
Now lower the printer lid to its halfway position and insert the cartridge in the direction of the arrows on its instruction panel. Push gently but firmly, until it is seated at the back of its container.

As you look at the left front side of the toner cartridge, you will see a small plastic tab with a circle on it.
Pull down on this tab and wiggle it up and down a few times, until it snaps off. Attached to the tab is a long strip of plastic that must be completely removed. Hold the tab and pull it straight out, applying firm, even pressure. Keep pulling until the end of the long plastic strip emerges from the cartridge.

The final step is to close the printer top, pushing down gently until it latches.
PAPER TYPES AND PAPER LOADING

You may load paper into the printer automatically or manually. Either way you will need the cassette, which is in the Styrofoam tray that you set aside after first opening the printer packing case. The paper cassette comes in two parts, the paper tray and the cover.

The paper tray contains two pieces of packing material. Remove and discard them.

![Paper Cassette Diagram]

**Automatic Paper Feed**

For automatic paper feed, paper must be placed within the paper cassette. Each size of paper requires a different paper cassette. The Star LaserPrinter 8III uses cassettes for five paper sizes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LTR (letter)</td>
<td>8½ x 11 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LGL (legal)</td>
<td>8½ x 14 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A4 (standard metric)</td>
<td>210 x 297 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B5 (metric)</td>
<td>182 x 257 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive</td>
<td>7¼ x 10½ in.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The cassette packed with your printer is for 8½ x 11 in. paper or for A4 paper. Consult your Star LaserPrinter 8III dealer about additional cassettes for different sized paper.

Your Star LaserPrinter 8III can print on automatically-fed paper whose weight is between 16 and 36 lb. It should be between 3.7 and 7.5 mils in thickness, with a moisture content of 4-6% by weight. Its smoothness should be 100-300 Sheffield, with a minimum pH of 5.5, and an ash content of not more than 10%. It must be able to withstand heat of 200°C for 0.1 second. It should be long grain paper, with cut edges showing no visible fray. There should be no curl toward the printing side. It should be packaged in reams in moisture-proof polylaminate. Avoid coated and extremely smooth papers, and those that are wrinkled or contain staples. Do not use carbonless paper or multipart forms. The type of paper used for photocopying and the newer paper designed specifically for laser printers are suitable, including Canon NP, Xerox 4024, Gilbert Neu-Tech and Neenah NP. However, Star Micronics does not recommend any particular brand, since it has no control over the content and quality. Selecting suitable paper is your responsibility.

Envelopes, mailing labels, and transparencies require manual feed. Among the suitable brands of labels are Avery Lasergraphic and HP LaserJet series. Be sure to select labels that cover the entire backing sheet during printing. For transparencies, a satisfactory brand is that with the Hewlett Packard trade name. When printing envelopes and transparencies, use the rear output tray. Paper over 20 lb. in weight may be fed manually.

You may place up to 200 sheets of paper in the paper cassette. Do not overload the cassette, and do not fan the paper before inserting it in the cassette. Placing the cassette in front of you so that the paper size is facing you, slide the paper in so that it comes to rest against the notch with three arrows on it and beneath the adjacent lip.
Now press down on each corner of the paper stack, to make sure it is seated flat on the bottom of the cassette.
Finally replace the cover, so that the beveled edge is at the front of the tray and the notched edge points to the rear.

The cassette must be inserted in the large slot at the front of the printer. Holding the cassette so that the front is near you, guide it into the slot and push back until it cannot go any further. A portion of the cassette will protrude from the front of the slot.
**Manual Paper Feed**

Manual feeding of paper into the printer is accomplished from an adjustable slot on the cassette cover.

The Star LaserPrinter 8III can print on paper or other media sized from 3.9 x 7.5 in. (100 x 190 mm) to 8.5 x 14 in. (216 x 356 mm).

For manual feeding, you must first adjust the slot for the width of the paper. Manual feeding also requires changing the printer's operating instructions by programming at the front panel. This will be explained in the chapter "Quick Start With the Star LaserPrinter 8III: A tutorial."

Note that gauges for the five standard paper sizes are printed on the cover below the left-hand slot guide. If you plan to handfeed paper of one of these sizes, adjust the guides accordingly. For envelopes, labels, transparencies, or paper other than 8\(\frac{1}{2}\) x 11 inch paper, place a sample sheet on the feed slot and adjust the guides until they hold the sheet snugly.

**OPTIONAL RAM EXPANSION BOARD**

The optional expansion board provides up to 4 megabytes of additional RAM (as 1-, 2- or 4-megabyte cartridges), and permits full page bit-map mode operation. To tell whether a board is displayed in your printer, watch the printer display screen during power-up. If no board has been installed, the display will read:

Memory Test 1 MB
If a memory board has been already installed, the display will give the total amount of memory available (for example):

Memory Test 5 MB

The board is easily installed in a slot located at the left rear of the printer frame. The only tool required is a Phillips screwdriver.

Before beginning the installation, turn off the printer and unplug it. The plate covering the slot is secured by one screw. Remove the screw and lift the cover plate out. Notice the lip on the left side of the cover plate. The interior of the slot contains a pin hole receptacle.

The RAM expansion board has two plastic insertion tabs at one end, with a pin connector underneath. Hold the card by the two tabs so that the memory chips face upward. Insert the opposite end into the slot, pressing firmly with your thumbs against the plastic tabs, until the pins are completely seated in the pin hole receptacle. During insertion, do not wiggle the board back and forth, as this may damage the pins.
When the board is completely seated, it will be entirely inside the slot. Finally, replace the cover plate. Fit the lip behind the printer frame at the left end of the slot. Then visually line up the hole in the cover with that in the frame. Hold the right edge of the cover plate away from the printer frame and reinsert the screw. Slide the cover back into position until the screw enters the hole in the frame. Tighten the screw with the screwdriver.

If you want to remove the expansion board, unscrew the slot's cover plate. Grasp the plastic tabs with two hands and pull evenly on them until the board comes unplugged. Do not wiggle the board back and forth as you pull, to avoid damaging the pins.
POWER SUPPLY

All connections for the Star LaserPrinter 8III are located on the rear panel. These include a receptacle for the power cord, as well as parallel and serial connectors.

The Star LaserPrinter 8III's three-pin power cord comes packed on the top tray, along with the paper cassette. Attach this cord to the receptacle at the left side of the rear panel, aligning the cord pins with the holes before inserting. Make sure that the printer is turned off. Then plug the now-attached cord into a wall socket, or into a surge-protected power strip.

The printer's on-off power switch is located just above the power cord receptacle. The power switch is marked with two international symbols: I for on and 0 for off. To turn the printer on, press the end of the switch marked with I. To turn it off, press 0.

Be sure the switch is at the OFF position before plugging in the power cord.
CONNECTING TO A COMPUTER

The Star LaserPrinter 8III comes equipped with both a parallel and a serial connector to receive data from a computer. Selection of either a parallel or a serial connection is accomplished from the control panel (see the chapter on Initial Operation).

Both a parallel and a serial cable can be attached to the printer at the same time, but only one can be active. Before attaching any cable, be sure the power supply is off on both the printer and any computer to which the cable is attached.

**Parallel**

When you face the front of the printer, the parallel connector is on the rear left. This is a standard 36 pin Centronics connection. To attach a cable to the parallel connector, match the wedge shape of the cable end to the shape of the connector, and insert the cable firmly. Secure it with the lock clips.
The functions of the parallel interface pins are given in the Appendix. Your Star LaserPrinter 8111 is pre-set at the factory to use a parallel connector to the computer. You may change the settings from the front panel as explained in the chapter “Quick Start with the Star LaserPrinter 8111: A Tutorial.”

**Serial — RS-232**

The serial connector, to the left of the parallel connector, can be used for a standard RS-232 configuration. It is a standard 25 pin DB connector. To attach a serial cable to the printer, match the wedge shape of the cable end to that of the printer’s connector and insert firmly. Then use a screwdriver to secure it with the two screws on the cable end.
Many applications programs provide a special menu that makes it easy for you to use a serial printer with them. If you wish to make the connection between your IBM compatible computer and the Star LaserPrinter 8III through DOS, you must enter TWO commands at the prompt.

In the first command, for example, if you want to set the options at 2400 baud, no parity, 8 data bits, 2 stop bits, and pause for a full buffer, enter

```
MODE COM1:24,N,8,2,P<ENTER>
```

Then

```
MODE LPT1:=COM1:<ENTER>
```

To include these commands in an AUTOEXEC.BAT file, type

```
copy con:autoexec.bat<ENTER>
MODE COM1:24,N,8,2,P<ENTER>
MODE LPT1:=COM1:<ENTER>
```

Then press <FUNCTION KEY 6> and <ENTER>.

For more information on this, consult the manual supplied with your computer.

The functions of the serial interface pins are given in the Appendix.

Your Star LaserPrinter 8III is set at the factory as a parallel printer, unless you instruct it differently. This is done from the front panel, and will be explained in the chapter “Quick Start with the Star LaserPrinter 8III: A Tutorial.”
FRONT PANEL

The front panel of the Star LaserPrinter 8111 is a combination control board and interactive message center. The panel consists of:

- a 1 line, 16 character LCD display screen
- 5 LED lights
- 6 touch-sensitive buttons

The touch-sensitive buttons permit you to send instructions to the printer. In turn, the printer uses the display screen and the light indicators to convey information to you.

The screen display is the primary way the printer communicates with the operator. It informs the operator about the machine’s state, the printer’s status, and alarm conditions that require some action by the operator. The LEDs provide an “at a glance” summary of the printer’s status.

This information may be about the printer’s operating status — the screen may say TONER LOW, or a light may indicate “data to be printed”. The screen also informs you of the next option for setting your printing instructions and confirms that you have made a selection, such as selecting the RS-232 interface.
The printer operates in two main modes when the printer is off line:

1. Front panel Mode (grey buttons) — performs functions labeled on the button.
2. Program Mode (yellow buttons) — press the [PROGRAM] button to enter menu selections.

The meaning and use of the panel buttons depends on the mode in which the printer is operating.

**Powering Up**

Your first interaction with the panel will come when you turn on the power. Now is the time to begin using the printer and operating its front panel. First turn on the power, pressing the I position on the switch, located at the rear of the printer. (The O position turns the power off.)

As soon as you press the I end of the power switch on the rear of the printer, all lights on the panel will come on.

The printer will begin its internal diagnostics and warming up, displaying a series of messages on the screen.

The first message is

LaserPrinter 8III

followed immediately by a flashing message

Memory Test 1 MB

meaning that the Star LaserPrinter 8III is putting itself through a test series of its engine and all its circuits and functions. If an optional RAM board has been installed, the message will display

Memory Test 2 MB
(for example). The actual value will depend on the size of the RAM board installed (1, 2 or 4 megabytes).

When the tests have been completed satisfactorily, the screen will display the phrase

**NV RAM LOAD DONE**

This means that the printer is activating various formatting values that it will use in printing information. (You can reprogram these from the front panel, if you desire.) When this is completed the screen will display

**PRINTER WARMUP**

and the two lights at the left side of the panel — the READY light, which flashes, and the ONLINE light, which will show steadily. The others will be off.

Finally the screen will say

**PRINTER READY**

The READY light and the ONLINE light will be continuously lit; the others will remain off. This means you can instruct your computer to send it information that it will print.

If at any point during the test period the printer detects a problem, one of a variety of messages will flash on the screen.

The chapter on "Troubleshooting" explains the meaning of these messages and suggests ways for you to respond to them.
The Buttons

This section explains the various meanings and uses of the buttons, including their light indicators, where present. Keep in mind that the buttons’ functions depend on the mode the printer is in: the Front Panel Mode, using the grey buttons to perform the labelled functions, and the Program Mode, using the yellow buttons to enter menu selections after pressing the [PROGRAM] button.

For the Program Mode, you will use the buttons to move in four directions through the hierarchy of selections. You [ENTER] or [EXIT] a Level to select the [PREVIOUS] or [NEXT] Item within a Group. For example, Baud Rate is the first Item in Level 3 within the Interface Group:

Level Number: 1 2 3 4

(Item 1)
(Item 2)

Interface Parallel
Serial Baud Rate
Parity

The following diagram should help you as you program:

[PREVIOUS]  
[EXIT]  \[ENTER\]  \[NEXT\]

[ON LINE]  

With this button you control whether the printer is on line or off line. On line means that the printer is able to receive information from the computer and to print it. All other buttons are inactive when the printer is on line. Off line means that the printer is unable to receive information and print, but can be programmed; in other words by entering the Program Mode.

When the printer is on line, the light is on.

When the printer is off line, the light is off.
When the printer is off line, the operator uses this button to print whatever is in the printer’s memory. When printing is in operation, the light is on.

This button has no function when the printer is in the Program mode.

When the printer is on line, this key is called [ERROR SKIP]. Any time the printer stops because of an internal error condition, the operator has two choices. You may press this key to override the error or you may correct the error. If the error is minor, printing may continue. If the error is major, pressing the key will result in confirmation by the printer that the error is continuing. When this happens, consult the display screen for further information.

When the printer is in the Program mode, this key is called [NEXT]. During programming, pressing this key displays the various items under a category for the operator to select next in the sequence.

This key has two functions when the printer is off line.

- If the operator is holding the button as [TEST], it acts as a form feed command, telling the printer to print whatever information is in memory. It then tells the printer to compose a sample print. This is a summary of the printer’s present settings. The [TEST] button will:

1. Print whatever is in memory
2. display HOLD FOR TEST
3. display STATUS SHEET

If you release the button, the sheet will begin printing.

4. display TEST PRINT MODE

Therefore, there are two tests under a category for the operator to select from.

- In the Program Mode, pressing the button as [PREVIOUS] presents the available items in reverse sequence.
When the printer is off line, holding [RESET] tells the printer to discard any information that has not yet been printed and to restart the printer by loading Initial RAM settings into Current RAM (the memory of the printer is always working from). The action will be confirmed by the message REINITIALIZE on the display screen. Before this takes effect, any printing already in process will be completed.

When the printer is in the Program mode, [ENTER] has two functions. First, it displays items in the next higher level. Second, if there is no higher level, it selects the value with an @.

To start using the Program mode, you must first set the printer off line, that is, press the [ON LINE] button so that the ON LINE light is off. Then press [PROGRAM]. The printer will then display on the screen PROGRAM MODE. The first of the available programming choices for the operator to make.

Within a programming sequence, pressing [EXIT] takes the programming Menu to the next higher level. If the sequence is already at the highest level, pressing [EXIT] causes the control panel to leave the Program mode and display PRINTER READY.

Light Indicators

When the printer is first turned on, all LED indicators will go on. Then ALARM, DATA, and PRINT will then go off, to be activated only to indicate specific functions or the printer’s status. For instance, if the paper cassette is empty or removed, ALARM sounds, the ALARM light stays lit, and READY blinks.

- The READY light — This light will blink when the printer is warming up. It will be on steadily when the printer is on line and ready to receive information from the computer. If the printer is operational, the READY light will also be on continuously when the printer is off line.

- The ON LINE light — This light will be on when the printer is on line. When the operator takes the printer off line, or when an error condition occurs, the printer automatically goes off line and the light goes off.
• **The PRINT light** — This light will be *on* when information is being printed. Otherwise it will be *off*.

• **The ALARM light** — This light will not be lit unless there is an error that requires action by the operator, such as the paper cassette needing to be refilled. When the light goes *on*, the printer's alarm beeper will sound for 5 seconds.

• **The DATA light** — This light will be *on* whenever the printer’s memory contains information to be printed. This is to notify the operator that resetting the printer or turning it *off* will result in data loss.

  If the printer is in the process of composing a page or printing, this light will be *on continuously*.

  If the printer is waiting for more information, the light will *blink*.

  The light will be *off* when the printer prints all the information it has received.

**Hex Dump**

The Star LaserPrinter 8III can also operate in hexadecimal mode. This means that it will print information sent to it in its equivalent hexadecimal notation (in base 16 numbers). This mode is useful in correcting communication incompatibilities between some computers and the Star LaserPrinter 8III, that can result in incorrect text or formatting. For information on performing a Hex Dump, see the Chapter “Troubleshooting.”

**SELF TEST**

The Star LaserPrinter 8III’s test print provides a complete summary of what it is currently capable of doing for you. It shows the quality of the printing of text. It summarizes the printer’s configuration, including amount of memory and which fonts are installed or available. It explains how the printed page will look at the current settings. This includes paper size, page orientation, and whether the text is centered on the page or offset for left and right pages. It tells whether the parallel or serial interface is active, and what the settings are for serial communication, should it become active.
There are three stages to the self test.

1. **Hold [TEST]** until the screen displays
   
   **HOLD FOR TEST**
   
   then
   
   **STATUS SHEET**
   
   Releasing the button will print the 4 page status sheet.

2. **Hold [TEST]** until the screen displays
   
   **HOLD FOR TEST**
   
   then
   
   **STATUS SHEET**
   
   then
   
   **TEST PRINT MODE**
   
   When you release the button, the printer will produce a multipage "barber pole".

3. Pressing the test button on the right side of the printer with a pointed object causes the printer to print a sheet of vertical lines.

**Printing the Status Sheets**

Now use the front panel to print a *status sheet*, which is a sample printout of the Star LaserPrinter 8III's available type fonts and information about its settings.

Press the **[ON LINE]** button so that the light goes off.

Now press and hold the button labeled **[TEST/PREVIOUS]**.

The display screen will read

**STATUS SHEET**

Release the button. The DATA light will go on, and in a few seconds the sample prints will start being ejected from the printer. The DATA light will then go out.
Status Sheet Description

You can tell several things about the printer’s settings by just looking at the print, without reading any of it. First (and obviously) the printer is operating. Second, the page is printed in the portrait orientation. That is, the printing runs on the page the way portraits are usually painted, higher than they are wide. When the printed area is wider than it is high, the orientation is referred to as landscape. If the printer is set for landscape orientation, the sample is printed that way.

First Two Pages: The first part of the four status sheet pages is divided into three sections. The top section summarizes your printer’s basic configuration, identifying the version of its operating system and specifying the amount of total RAM (memory) and the amount of RAM available for your use. If your printer has an optional RAM expansion board, its memory size will also be listed here.

The middle portion of the page summarizes the type fonts available and gives samples of each. First it lists the fonts that come with the printer, giving the name of the typeface, such as

   Courier

   its width (pitch)
   10.0

   height (point)
   12.0

   and darkness as printed (weight)
   Medium

After identifying the font, for instance

   8U

   it gives a sample of its upper and lower case letters, symbols, and numbers

   ABCDabcd^%$-123 {ęęęąąąąąąąąąą

If you have installed optional font cartridges, the same information will be given for each one.
The bottom part of the page lists any errors that were found during the powering up and test procedure.

**Page Three:** The third page of the status report provides information on the options for formatting and printer operation that are currently active, in the order you are most likely to need the information. You can change any of these by programming from the front panel.

Four sets of selected (or default) options are listed:

- **Current** — the settings to which the printer will respond when it receives a command.
- **Initial** — the settings that were selected when the printer was first turned on.
- **Power-up** — the settings that are stored in NV RAM (see Glossary).
- **Factory set** — the settings originally selected at the factory as default values (ROM).

The **COMMAND GROUP** includes these functions:

- **Emulation** — the printer whose functions the Star LaserPrinter 8III is set to emulate.
- **Number of Copies** — the number of copies of each page to be printed.
- **Macro Overlay** — whether special instructions are preprogrammed.
- **FF on Rotate** — whether the printer will issue a form feed command if the orientation (portrait or landscape) of the printing is switched within a page.
- **Hex Dump** — whether the text will be printed in ASCII symbols or in hexadecimal.
- **LCD Intensity** — the brightness of the panel display.
- **Bell** — whether the printer’s beeper will sound if you need to take action during printing, such as a pause to change fonts.
- **Warning Alarm** — whether there will be an audible warning in case of a printer malfunction.
The functions of the LAYOUT GROUP are:

**Orientation** — portrait or landscape.

**Margin settings** — left, right, and top in relation to the available page area, and page (text) length in number of lines.

**VMI and HMI** — Vertical Motion Index, Horizontal Motion Index. VMI refers to the smallest increment that can be made in the vertical or \( y \) axis. Line spacing is a multiple of VMI. HMI refers to the smallest increment that can be made in the horizontal or \( x \) axis. Dot spacing is a multiple of HMI.

**Vertical and Horizontal Offset** — text/graphic position is oriented away from the center of the printed page, for special layouts, such as left and right pages of a book or magazine.

The PAPER FEED GROUP includes:

**Feeder** — whether the paper will be fed from the cassette or manually.

**Paper size** — the dimensions of the paper cassette now in use.

**Automatic parameters** — whether there is an automatic carriage return (CR) at a paragraph break, an automatic line feed (LF) at the end of each line, a form feed (FF) after each page, and an auto wrap feature.

The INTERFACE GROUP functions include:

**Interface type** — parallel or serial

What the communication settings would be if serial communication were activated, including baud rate (rate of data transmission), data bits (number of information bits per byte), parity (error checking mode), and communication protocol.

**Page Four:** The fourth page of the status report presents information about the fonts available for each of the three printer emulations, HP LaserJet III (primary and secondary fonts), IBM Proprinter, and Epson EX-800. HP emulation displays a **symbol set**. Epson, and IBM Proprinter emulations display **character sets**. These include the selection of letters, numbers, and symbols, such as **Roman-8**
It specifies the typeface, such as

Courier

and tells whether the letters in the font are proportional (vary in width from one letter to another, such as a narrow \( i \) or a wide \( w \)) or whether all letters are the same width. It also tells how many characters to the horizontal inch (pitch), font height (point), whether it will print in italics or upright (sometimes called roman), how dark the printing is (stroke weight — light, medium, or bold).

PROGRAMMING FROM THE FRONT PANEL

As the status report indicates, the various functions that you can select from the font panel are arranged in an outline form, or a hierarchy. This means there are main groups and several levels within each one.

Remember: you [ENTER] or [EXIT] a Level to select the [PREVIOUS] or [NEXT] Item within a Group.

To get into the Program Mode, you must perform two actions:

- Press [ON LINE] until the light goes off, then
- Press [PROGRAM]

The screen will respond by displaying the phrase

PROGRAM MODE

The order of the main categories within Program Mode is:

CHARACTER
LAYOUT
PAPER FEED
COMMAND
You move from one item to the next in this level by pressing [NEXT]. Pressing [ENTER] displays the next item of the next higher level. If no such item exists, [ENTER] displays the value that is to be selected with @ added. [ON LINE] ends the program mode. Pressing [PREVIOUS] returns the display to the last item at the same level you are currently in. Pressing [EXIT] displays the last item at the next lower level.

Here’s how this works in real life, using a portion of the COMMAND group hierarchy. Set the printer off line and press [PROGRAM] so the display reads

PROGRAM MODE

Press [NEXT] until the display reads

COMMAND

Then press [ENTER] until the display reads

EMULATION

Pressing [ENTER] will display one of the following:

- HP LaserJet III
- IBM Proprinter
- EPSON EX-800
- LincPage
- Cartridge 1
- Cartridge 2

Pressing [NEXT] continuously will list all the available emulations.

Suppose you want to select Epson EX-800 as the emulation.
First get into the Program Mode,

• Press [ON LINE], so the light is off
• Press [PROGRAM], after which the screen displays
  PROGRAM MODE
• Now press [NEXT]. The screen responds with
  CHARACTER
• Pressing [NEXT] three times displays, in order,
  LAYOUT
  PAPER FEED
  COMMAND
• Now press [ENTER]. The screen responds with
  EMULATION
• Pressing [ENTER] here displays
  HP LaserJet III
as the default emulation. You want to stay in this level of the hierarchy, so this time

• Press [NEXT], giving you
  IBM Proprinter
• Pressing [NEXT] again displays
  EPSON EX-800
which is the emulation you want. To select it,

• Press [ENTER], which displays
  EPSON EX-800@
• To leave this level, press [EXIT], which displays
  EMULATION
This time when you press [ENTER], the screen will display as the default
  EPSON EX-800@
To summarize:

PROGRAM MODE [NEXT]

CHARACTER [NEXT]

LAYOUT [NEXT]

PAPER FEED [NEXT]

COMMAND [ENTER]

EMULATION [ENTER]

HP LaserJet III [NEXT]

IBM Proprinter [NEXT]

EPSON EX-800 [ENTER,EXIT]

The entire hierarchy is shown on the next page. Chapter 4, "Quick Start with the Star LaserPrinter 8111: A Tutorial" presents programming sequences for selecting serial and parallel interfaces, saving settings, returning to factory settings, activating manual paper feed, printing in landscape orientation, changing the character set, and changing fonts during printing. Chapter 6, "Printing," shows the default settings for each of the three emulations.

For more on programming, please see the Applications Manual.
STAR LASERPRINTER 8I11 FRONT PANEL HIERARCHY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level 1</th>
<th>Level 2</th>
<th>Level 3</th>
<th>Level 4</th>
<th>Level 5</th>
<th>Level 6</th>
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<td>LEFT MARGIN</td>
<td>000* ~ 132</td>
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<td>SET MARGIN</td>
<td>RIGHT MARGIN</td>
<td>000* ~ 132</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>TEXT LENGTH</td>
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<td>001 ~ 255 (008*)</td>
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<td>Paper: A4*</td>
<td>Paper: B5</td>
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<td>ENV: Intrim DL</td>
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<td>AUTO LF</td>
<td>Auto LF Off*</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AUTO FF</td>
<td>Auto FF Off*</td>
<td></td>
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<td>AUTO WRAP</td>
<td>Auto Wrap Off*</td>
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<td>IBM Proprinter</td>
<td>EPSON EX-800</td>
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<td>NUMBER OF COPIES</td>
<td>ONE*</td>
<td>01* ~ 99</td>
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<td>FF ON ROTATE</td>
<td>Disable*</td>
<td>Macro ID 00* ~ 99</td>
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<td>PRINT MODE</td>
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<td>No</td>
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<td>Partial Page*</td>
<td>A4/Letter*</td>
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<td>Full Page</td>
<td>Legal</td>
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<td>Auto CR Off*</td>
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<td>Auto LF Off*</td>
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<td></td>
<td>AUTO FF</td>
<td>Auto FF Off*</td>
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<td>AUTO WRAP</td>
<td>Auto Wrap Off*</td>
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<td>INTERFACE</td>
<td>PARALLEL IBM*</td>
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<td>PARALLEL CTRNCS</td>
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<td>SERIAL</td>
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<td>BAUD RATE</td>
<td>9600 baud*</td>
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<td>19200 baud</td>
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<td>1200 baud</td>
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<td>2400 baud</td>
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<td>4800 baud</td>
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<td>DATA BIT</td>
<td>7 data bits</td>
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<td>PARITY</td>
<td>None*</td>
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<td>STOP BIT</td>
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<td>Even</td>
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<td>1 stop bits*</td>
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<td>2 stop bits</td>
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<td></td>
<td>DTR*</td>
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<td>SET INIT. VALUES</td>
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<td>ETX/ACK</td>
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<td>SET POWER-UP</td>
<td>LOAD</td>
<td>Xon/Xoff</td>
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<tr>
<td>FACTORY SET</td>
<td>US Set</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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This chapter is designed for dual use, since most computer users fall into one of two categories. Some people like to read the documentation through from beginning to end. Others like to plunge right into the hands-on mode, using documentation as a quick reference, at most.

This chapter is for both groups. It can be read in sequence with the rest of the book, or it can be used as a stand-alone aid.

PRELIMINARIES

You Star LaserPrinter 8111 comes in three basic parts:

- the printer body
- the paper cassette
- the toner cartridge

When you place your printer for use with your computer, be sure that:

- It sits on a strong, stable table
- there is circulation on all sides, including the bottom
- there is sufficient room for the paper cassette, which protrudes from the front, and for the pullout paper tray for face-up paper ejection, located at the rear of the printer.

The printer is heavy, so use the grip handles located halfway back on either side. Don't try to lift it by yourself — have someone help you.

Be sure to remove all the packing material before you use the printer.

If you are just setting up your Star LaserPrinter 8111, and have not read the material in Chapter 2, please take the time to read the section on installing the toner cartridge. It is very vital that you handle and install this component precisely, because it contains important laser printing devices, as well as the toner ("ink") that actually prints on the paper.
Ordinary office-weight paper of standard sizes can be fed automatically into the printer from the paper cassette. A different cassette is required for each size. For heavier-than-normal paper, envelopes, mailing labels, and transparencies, use the manual feed slot, located on the top of the paper cassette's cover.

The printer's on-off switch is located at the rear.

THE FRONT PANEL

The front panel of the printer provides information about the printer’s internal and operating status. It also allows you to program it for your (and your computer’s) specific needs. The Star LaserPrinter 8III works in two basic modes when the printer is off line:

Front panel mode—using the grey buttons

Program mode—using the yellow buttons

The buttons have different functions in each mode:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BUTTON</th>
<th>FRONT PANEL MODE (GREY BUTTONS)</th>
<th>PROGRAM MODE (YELLOW BUTTONS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>[ON LINE]</td>
<td>When light is on printer can print. When light is off all other buttons are enabled</td>
<td>Fast exit (termination) of Program Mode (returns to Printer Ready)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[PRINT]</td>
<td>Print information in memory</td>
<td>No function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[ERROR SKIP/NEXT]</td>
<td>Continue printing or display error code</td>
<td>Display next item within current level of menu selections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[TEST/PREVIOUS]</td>
<td>Initiate tests</td>
<td>Display previous item within current level of menu selections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[RESET/ENTER]</td>
<td>Discard information</td>
<td>Display next level within current item of menu selection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[PROGRAM/EXIT]</td>
<td>Enter program mode</td>
<td>Display previous level within current item of menu selection</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Remember: you [ENTER] or [EXIT] a LEVEL to select the [PREVIOUS] or [NEXT] ITEM within a GROUP.

The front panel also has some lights. When lit they mean:

READY — the printer is ready for printing or for programming
ALARM — and error condition exists and the printer is off line
DATA — information received, not yet printed
ON LINE — the printer is ready for printing
PRINT — the printer is printing information

**BASIC OPERATIONS**

There are four basic operations performed from the panel:

- **On Line and Off Line** — The printer can receive information from the computer and print it only when it is on line. When the printer is on line, the light on the [ON LINE] button will be lit. For all other functions, the printer must be off line. This is accomplished by pressing the [ON LINE] button until its light is out.

- **Form feed** — The printer may have unprinted information in its memory. This is indicated by the lighted DATA light. To clear it from the printer, take the printer off line. Then press [PRINT]. When all the remaining information is printed, the paper will be ejected and the DATA light will go out.

- **Error Skip** — In case of an error, the printer will go off line and stop printing. If the error is minor, it is possible to continue printing. To do this, press [ERROR SKIP], then [ON LINE] until its light is on. If the error was minor, printing will resume. If the error was more serious, the panel will provide information on how to handle it.
- **Reset** — To clear the printer memory and restore settings to emulation defaults, press [RESET].

Before you begin printing, at any time, but especially when you are new to the process, it is a good idea to run a test or sample print. To do this, take the printer off line. Then press and hold [TEST] until the display reads Status Sheet. The printer will provide a series of 4 sheets showing:

- its configuration
- the quality of its text printing, and
- a summary of its settings — current, initial, power-up and factory preset.

**CONNECTING THE PRINTER TO THE COMPUTER**

The Star LaserPrinter 8III comes equipped with both a standard parallel interface and an RS-232 serial interface. Both can be connected simultaneously, though only one can be active at any one time.

The printer comes from the factory pre-set with the IBM parallel interface active. You can confirm this by looking at the Interface Group portion of the sample print.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feeder</th>
<th>Paper Size</th>
<th>Emul. Dflt On</th>
<th>Cassette</th>
<th>Letter</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Auto Parameters</td>
<td>Auto CR</td>
<td>Auto CR Off</td>
<td>Auto CR Off</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto LF</td>
<td>Auto LF Off</td>
<td>Auto LF Off</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto FF</td>
<td>Auto FF Off</td>
<td>Auto FF Off</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto Wrap</td>
<td>Auto Wrap Off</td>
<td>Auto Wrap Off</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INTERFACE GROUP:</th>
<th>PARALLEL IBM</th>
<th>PARALLEL IBM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interface Type</td>
<td>PARALLEL IBM</td>
<td>PARALLEL IBM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serial Parameters:</td>
<td>Baud Rate 9600 baud</td>
<td>Baud Rate 9600 baud</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Data Bits 8</td>
<td>Data Bits 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Parity None</td>
<td>Parity None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stop Bits 1</td>
<td>Stop Bits 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Protocol XON/XOFF</td>
<td>Protocol XON/XOFF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This means that the IBM parallel interface is active. If the serial port were active, that line would state SERIAL.
If you are going to use an IBM parallel interface, you don’t need to make any changes. If you want to use an RS-232 interface, you must perform a programming sequence. Programming will involve pressing various panel keys and following the information provided on the display screen. The front panel indicates the selected function with the @ symbol following the function displayed.

**Note:** Changing the interface type requires two steps after front panel programming.

1. Save the new interface setting in NV RAM by pressing **[PROGRAM]**
   then pressing **[NEXT]**
   until the screen displays *SET POWER-UP*
   Press **[ENTER]**
   to store the new selections

2. Turn the printer’s power off, then on again to activate the new interface.

**Selecting the Serial Interface**

Note that when you have completed the selection sequence, the settings must be stored in NV RAM (see Saving Settings), then activated by turning the printer’s power off, then on again.

- Take the printer off line by pressing the **[ON LINE]** button until the button’s light is off
- Then press **[PROGRAM]**.
- Press **[NEXT]** until the display screen reads *INTERFACE*
- Press **[ENTER]**. Now the screen will read *PARALLEL IBM*
Now press [NEXT] two times. The screen will change to

SERIAL

With the display reading SERIAL, this time press [ENTER]. The screen will show

BAUD RATE

Pressing [ENTER] now displays

9600 baud

Press [NEXT] to display a series of options, from 300 to 19200. Keep pressing until the one you want appears on the screen.

Pressing [ENTER] now displays

9600 baud @

Then press [EXIT] displays BAUD RATE. Pressing [NEXT] displays these options:

DATA BIT
PARITY
STOP BIT
PROTOCOL

The settings from the factory for these options are:

8 bit
no parity
1 stop bit
XON/XOFF

Whenever you want to change any of the serial parameters, follow the same sequence as for selecting the baud rate. For example, to change the data bit, at SERIAL press [ENTER] then [NEXT] until DATA BIT is displayed on the screen. Pressing [ENTER] will display the first option, and [NEXT] will give the rest of them. Press [ENTER] when your choice appears on the screen. Finally, press [ON LINE], which readies the Star LaserPrinter 8III for printing.
If your applications program requires a DTR handshake ("hardware" rather than XON/XOFF "software"), set it from the SERIAL menu by

- Pressing [ENTER] then [NEXT] until you see
  PROTOCOL
- Pressing [ENTER] displays
  XON/XOFF
- Pressing [NEXT] displays DTR. Press [ENTER] to execute.

The next step is to activate your choice to the printer.

- Press [EXIT] 3 times to display
  INTERFACE
- Press [NEXT] 2 times to display
  SET POWER-UP
- Press [ENTER] to store the current settings into NV RAM. Turn power off, then on to activate.
- Press [ON LINE], which allows the Star LaserPrinter 8111 to begin printing through the serial interface.

**Activating the Parallel Interface**

To return to a parallel interface, do this:

- Take the printer off line by pressing the [ON LINE] button until the button's light is off
- Then press [PROGRAM].
- Press [NEXT] until the screen displays
  INTERFACE
- Press [ENTER], which displays
  SERIAL
- Press [NEXT] which gives
  PARALLEL IBM
• Press [ENTER] to select parallel.

• Press [EXIT] once to display

   INTERFACE

• Press [NEXT] 2 times to display

   SET POWER-UP

• Press [ENTER] to store the current settings into NV RAM. Turn the power off, then on to activate.

• Pressing [ON LINE] will allow the Star LaserPrinter 8II to begin printing through the parallel interface.

**Saving the Setting**
The new setting will remain in the printer’s RAM memory until it is turned off. To understand why, you should realize that there are four different types of settings stored in the printer’s memories.

- The FACTORY SETTINGS, which are those put into the printer’s unchangable ROM memory at the factory.

- The POWER-UP SETTINGS, which the user can create, then store in a permanent memory called NV RAM, even when the power is turned off at the end of the session in which they are created. These settings will then override the Factory Settings, being activated when the printer is turned off, then on again.

- The INITIAL SETTINGS, which the user can create and use as long as the printer is not turned off. These are stored in temporary or volatile RAM memory. They override the Power-up Settings.

- The CURRENT SETTINGS, which are those stored in temporary RAM memory. These may be issued by software commands that override all other settings.

To make the setting permanent, you must save it in NV RAM! Perform this programming sequence, after taking the printer off line.

• Press [PROGRAM].

• Press [NEXT] until the screen displays

   SET POWER-UP
• Press [ENTER], after which the screen will display
  NV RAM LOAD DONE

• Finally, press [ON LINE]. Your new settings are now saved, and you
  can continue with other printing, if desired.

Returning to Factory Settings
If for some reason you want to start from the beginning, with the original
factory settings, follow this procedure:

• In the Program mode, press [NEXT] until the screen reads
  LOAD FACTORY SET

• Press [ENTER]. The screen will display briefly
  LOAD FROM ROM OK

then

  REINITIALIZE

The factory settings are now restored, and you can go on line for other
activities.

MANUAL FEED
As the status sheet shows, the Star LaserPrinter 8III come set for
automatic paper feed from the cassette. To change this setting from
the front panel, put the printer off line, and press [PROGRAM].

• Press [NEXT] until the screen displays:
  PAPER FEED

• Press [ENTER], and the screen will now display:
  FEEDER

• Press [ENTER], which will display
  Cassette

• Press [NEXT] to display
  Manual
• Pressing [ENTER] confirms the change.
• Finally, press the [ON LINE] button to make the Star LaserPrinter 8111 ready for printing.

The Star LaserPrinter 8111 is now ready to receive sheets fed through the slot on top of the paper cassette’s cover.

Before you start printing, adjust the slot to fit your material. Below the slot are settings for various standard sized papers. If you are going to use one of these, simply adjust the slot accordingly. If you are planning to use sheets of other sizes, place a sample in the slot, and adjust the slot until it holds the sheet securely without bending it.

Note that it is better to do this before you actually start printing, than to trust to luck during the process.

If during either manual or automatic feed, you get a paper jam, refer to the chapter on “Troubleshooting,” for ways to clear the machine.

**PAPER SIZE**

As the status sheet shows, the Star LaserPrinter 8111 comes set to use letter size paper. If you want to use other size of paper or envelopes, you must first instruct the printer. After going off line and pressing [PROGRAM]:

• Press [NEXT] until the screen reads
  PAPER FEED
• Press [ENTER], which will display
  FEEDER
• Pressing [NEXT] displays
  SIZE
• Press [ENTER], which will display
  Paper: Letter
• Pressing [NEXT] repeatedly will list the other choices:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper</th>
<th>Legal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paper</td>
<td>A4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paper</td>
<td>B5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paper</td>
<td>Executive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Env.</td>
<td>Monarch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Env.</td>
<td>COM-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Env.</td>
<td>Intntnl DL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Env.</td>
<td>Intntnl C5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paper</td>
<td>Letter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Press [ENTER] when the required paper/envelope size is displayed on the screen.

• Finally, press [ON LINE], which readies the Star LaserPrinter 8III for printing.

Before you start printing, refill the cassette with the appropriate paper.

PRINTING IN LANDSCAPE ORIENTATION

If you want to change from portrait to landscape orientation for your printed page, follow this procedure, after going off line and pressing [PROGRAM]:

• Press [NEXT] until you get

  LAYOUT

• Press [ENTER], which will display

  ORIENTATION

• Press [ENTER] for

  Portrait

• Pressing [NEXT] gives

  Landscape

• Pressing [ENTER] selects Landscape.
CHANGING CHARACTER SET

If you want to use a character set other than that provided at the factory, follow this procedure:

- After going off line and pressing [PROGRAM]
- Press [NEXT] until you see CHARACTER
- Press [ENTER], which displays FONT
  (preceded by primary or secondary, if the printer is in the HP LaserJet III emulation)
- Press [ENTER], which gives CHARACTER or SYMBOL SET
  depending on the emulation.
- Pressing [ENTER] again presents the various options.
- Press [NEXT] until you see the desired one.
- Then press [ENTER].
- Press [ON LINE].

CHANGING FONT ATTRIBUTES

Attributes are those characteristics of a type font that make it distinct from all others. These include spacing of characters, either proportional or monospaced (uniform); pitch, measured in characters per inch; height or point size; style, either upright (roman) or italic; stroke weight, bold, medium, or light; and typeface. Typefaces available with the Star LaserPrinter 8111 include Courier, Helvet, Tms Romn, Gothic, Script, Prestige, Caslon, Orator, Line printer, Pica, and Elite. All these attributes can be selected from the front panel with the printer in Program Mode.
• To change font attributes, take the printer off line and press [PROGRAM], to enter Program Mode. Then press [NEXT], so that the display reads

   CHARACTER

• Press [ENTER], so the display shows

   FONT

• Pressing [ENTER] again, displays

   SET

• Press [NEXT] to display

   FONT ATTRIBUTES

   and [ENTER] for

   Standard Default

• To change any of the attributes, press [NEXT], so the screen reads

   Specify Font

Now you can select individual attributes.

• Pressing [ENTER] will display

   SPACING

• And pressing [NEXT] repeatedly will list the remaining attributes,

   PITCH

   POINT SIZE

   STYLE

   STROKE WEIGHT

   TYPEFACE

If you want to change any of attribute, when its name appears on the screen, press [ENTER], then [NEXT] for the choices available. For example, if you want to change point size, when that attribute appears on the screen, pressing [ENTER] will list

   6 point
and pressing [NEXT] several times will list the other choices,

- 7 point
- 8.5 point
- 10 point
- 12 point
- 14 point
- 16 point
- 18 point
- 24 point
- 36 point

When the size you want appears on the screen, pressing [ENTER] will select it.

If you want to change the pitch, use the same procedure to select among 6.5, 8.1, 10, 12, or 16.66 characters per inch. For stroke weight, your options are for bold (+1 through +7), medium (0), and light (−1 through −7). In each case, select your choice by pressing [ENTER].

If you are in Epson emulation, you may also select other parameters by pressing [PREVIOUS] until the screen displays

**CHARACTER**

- Now press [ENTER], then [NEXT] so the screen reads

  **SETUP PARAMS**

The choices here are

- Proportional spacing on or off
- Enabling italics or graphics
- Enabling boldface

- Again, when the parameter you want to change appears on the screen, press [ENTER], then [NEXT] to see your choices. When you see the one you want, press [ENTER] to select it.
PROGRAMMING ON YOUR OWN

Now that you have successfully programmed some basic information into your Star LaserPrinter 8III, you may want to continue on your own. The choices you can make are arranged in a hierarchy. They represent the options common to all the emulations available with the printer, and include a selection of the specific emulation:

- HP LaserJet III
- Epson EX-800
- IBM Proprinter

To customize your printing beyond that will require programming from the computer. For that, refer to the Applications Manual.

There are several settings that cannot be changed, regardless of emulation. They are:

- **Form size** — which will always default to the maximum value for the paper size, depending on orientation.
- **Top of form** — always defaults to the top of the sheet. However, you can select the top margin of the printed page.
- **Perforation skip** — always defaults to 0 lines.
- **Special word processing features** — of other printers is ignored.
- **Text/graphics mode** — defaults to text mode.
- **Slashed zero** — the style of the zero depends on the selected font.
- **On-line** — The printer is always on line after being turned on or powered up.

The highest rank in the hierarchy available for programming through the printer’s front panel is as follows:

- **PROGRAM MODE**
  * CHARACTER
  * LAYOUT
  * PAPER FEED
  * COMMAND
  * INTERFACE
SET INIT. VALUES
SET POWER-UP
LOAD FACTORY SET

The functions marked with an asterisk are summarized on the status sheet.

Always start your programming by going offline (press [ON LINE] so that its light goes off). Then press [PROGRAM].

As you have already found, you move from one to the next item in the same level by pressing [NEXT]. [PREVIOUS] returns the display to the last item at the current level. [EXIT] displays the last item at the next higher level. [ENTER] displays the first item of the next lower level. If no such item exists, [ENTER] displays the value that is to be selected with @ added. [EXIT] or [ON LINE] ends the program mode.

The complete hierarchy is shown next page.

Movement within the LaserPrinter 8111 hierarchy is shown below:

[PREVIOUS]

[EXIT] ← [ENTER]

[NEXT]
# Star LaserPrinter 8III Front Panel Hierarchy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level 1</th>
<th>Level 2</th>
<th>Level 3</th>
<th>Level 4</th>
<th>Level 5</th>
<th>Level 6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CHARACTER</strong></td>
<td>(Refer to next page)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>LAYOUT</strong></td>
<td><strong>ORIENTATION</strong></td>
<td>Portrait</td>
<td>Landscape</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>MARGIN</strong></td>
<td><strong>DEFAULT MARGIN</strong></td>
<td>LEFT MARGIN: 000 - 132</td>
<td>RIGHT MARGIN: 000 - 132</td>
<td>TOP MARGIN: 000 - 112 (003‡)</td>
<td>TEXT LENGTH: 000 - 112 (064‡)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>VMI</strong></td>
<td><strong>MANUAL</strong></td>
<td>001 - 255 (008‡)</td>
<td>AUTO*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HMI</strong></td>
<td><strong>MANUAL</strong></td>
<td>01 - 255 (012‡)</td>
<td>AUTO*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>OFFSET</strong></td>
<td><strong>VERTICAL</strong></td>
<td>-100 ~ 100 (+000*)</td>
<td>HORIZONTAL</td>
<td>-150 ~ +150 (+000*)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **PAPER FEED** | **FEEDER** | Tape* | Manual Feed | | | |
| **AUTO PARAMETERS** | | Emul. Diff On* | Emul. Diff Off | | | |
| **COMMAND** | **EMULATION** | HP LaserJet It* | IBM Proprinter | EPSON EX-800 | | |
| **NUMBER OF COPIES** | **MULTIPLE** | 01* - 99 | | | | |
| **MACRO OVERLAY** | **Enable** | Macro ID 00* - 99 | | | | |
| **FF ON ROTATE** | **Yes** | | | | | |
| **PRINT MODE** | **Partial Page** | A4/Letter* | | | | |
| **HEX DUMP** | **Hex Dump Off** | | | | | |
| **LCD INTENSITY** | **INTENSITY 1 ~ 7 (3*)** | | | | | |
| **BELL** | **Enable** | | | | | |
| **WARNING ALARM** | **Enable** | | | | | |
| **INTERFACE** | **PARALLEL IBM** | | | | | |
| **PARALLEL CTRNCS** | **BAUD RATE** | 9600 baud | 19200 baud | 300 baud | 600 baud | 1200 baud | 2400 baud | 4800 baud | | |
| **DATA BIT** | 8 data bits* | 7 data bits | | | | |
| **PARITY** | None* | Odd | Even | | | |
| **STOP BIT** | 1 stop bits* | 2 stop bits | | | | |
| **PROTOCOL** | DTR* | ETX/ACK | Xon/Xoff | | | |

**SET INIT. VALUES**

**SET POWER-UP**

**LOAD** | EC Set* | FACTORY SET | US Set | | | | | | | | | | |
As the sample print shows, your Star LaserPrinter 8III can fill a sheet of paper with text and/or graphics to within 3/16 - 1/2 in (8 - 12mm) of the margins. Some of the choices are made for you by the printer. But most of them are under your control, either from the front panel of the printer, or through your computer and the application software you are using on it.

Some of the choices may be limited. Printer emulation and the page orientation are examples. Your application software may not support an available command, or it may not permit a change in page orientation. Whether you are printing business letters, charts or other graphics, or brochures and newsletters, you should keep these choices and their limitations in mind.

What follows is a list of the elements that go into a printed page. They may be selected through the front panel of the Star LaserPrinter 8III or through your application software.
**Format:**
- Orientation
- Form size
- Text length
- Margins
- Line spacing

**Text:**
- Character set/symbol set
- Typeface
- Character spacing
- Pitch
- Point size
- Style
- Stroke weight

If you are a beginner, you may want to limit the amount of computer programming you do for page set-up. Remember: you can print a very nice-looking page with very little manipulation, by relying on the default settings in your printer and application program. By using the programming available from the front panel of the printer, you have a wide variety of options.

The next chapter outlines your choices, both for Star LaserPrinter 8111 programming and for making choices from the computer.
FONTS

The style of printing that appears in your finished work consists of five elements:

- **the symbol/character set** — the letters, numbers, and symbols available for use

- **the fonts present in the Star LaserPrinter 8III** — some fonts come as standard equipment, while others are available in cartridges that are installed in the font slots of the printer; you may also purchase fonts on a disk and load them down (downloading) from the computer to the Star LaserPrinter 8III's RAM (for more information consult a software dealer)

- **font attributes** — consisting of character spacing, pitch, point size, style, stroke weight, and typeface

- **the printer you select to emulate** — the Star LaserPrinter 8III can emulate three widely available printers, the *Hewlett Packard LaserJet III* (a laser printer), *Epson EX-800*, or *IBM Proprinter* (both dot-matrix printers).

- **the capabilities of your applications software.**

The Star LaserPrinter 8III comes equipped with four families of fonts. Any one of them can be selected from the front panel for use as the base font in any emulation.
Samples of the four resident fonts follow.

Sample of CG Times Font:

!"#%&'()*+-.0123456789;:<=>@'
ABCDEFHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{|}~

Sample of Univers Font:

!"#%&'()*+-.0123456789;:<=>@'
ABCDEFHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{|}~

Sample of Courier Font:

!"#%&'()*+-.0123456789;:<=>@'
ABCDEFHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{|}~

Sample of Line Printer Font:

!"#%&'()*+-.0123456789;:<=>@'
ABCDEFHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{|}~

Many of the available fonts can be selected from the front panel. The ultimate in printing flexibility is provided by programming with the command sets. For more on this, see the chapter “Interfacing With Applications Programs” and the Applications Manual.

For each of the three printers that the Star LaserPrinter 8III emulates, there are default print styles that it will use if you do not make other choices. In the material that follows, the default values will first be presented together, for your convenience. Then the entire range of choices for each attribute without an optional Font Cartridge will be presented; the default values will be marked with an *.
HEWLETT PACKARD LASERJET III

Default Values, primary and secondary fonts:

Symbol set: Roman-8
Spacing: Monospaced
Pitch: 10cpi
Point size: 12 point
Style: Upright
Stroke Weight: Medium 0
Typeface: Courier

Available Values, primary and secondary fonts:

Symbol set: US ASCII
HP Legal
ISO IRV
JIS ASCII
ISO UK
ISO 25: French
ISO 69: French
HP German
ISO 21: German
ISO 11: Swedish
ISO 10: Swedish
ISO 15: Italian
ISO 60: Norwegian
ISO 61: Norwegian
HP Spanish
ISO 17: Spanish
ISO 85: Spanish
ISO 16: Portuguese
ISO 84 :Portuguese
ISO 57: Chinese
Roman-8*
IBM PC Set
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spacing:</th>
<th>Proportional</th>
<th>Monospaced*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pitch:</td>
<td>10 cpi*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12 cpi</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>16.66 cpi</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Point size:</td>
<td>8.5 point</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10 point</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12 point*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Style:</td>
<td>Upright*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Italics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroke Weight:</td>
<td>-7 to -1 Light</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Medium 0*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+1 to +7 Bold</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Std Typeface:</td>
<td>Line Printer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Courier*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EPSON EX-800

Default Values:

Character set: Epson Std USA
Spacing: Monospaced
Pitch: 10 cpi
Point size: 12 point
Style: Upright
Stroke Weight: Medium 0
Typeface: Courier
Proportional Spacing: Disabled
Italic: Enabled
Bold: Off

Available Values:

Character set:
- Epson Std USA*
- Epson Std France
- Epson Std Germany
- Epson Std UK
- Epson Std Denmark 1
- Epson Std Sweden
- Epson Std Italy
- Epson Std Spain 1
- Epson Std Japan
- Epson Std Norway
- Epson Std Denmark 2
- Epson Std Spain 2
- Epson Std Latin America
- IBM PC
- IBM DN

Proportional spacing:
- Disabled*
- Enabled*
Italic/Graphics:  Italic Enable*
               Graphics Enable
Boldface:      Off*
               On

IBM PROPRINTER

Default Values:

Character set: IBM GP Set 2
Spacing:       Monospaced
Pitch:         10 cpi
Point size:    12 point
Style:         Upright
Stroke Weight: Medium 0
Typeface:      Courier

Available Values:

Character set: IBM GP Set 1
               IBM GP Set 2*
               IBM PC
               IBM DN
               ECMA94
INSTALLING OPTIONAL FONT CARTRIDGES

You may install two optional font cartridges in the slots beneath the paper cassette, at the front of the Star LaserPrinter 8I1 (referred to as slot #1 and slot #2). If the power is off, simply hold one of the cartridges at its label end, label facing up, and insert it into the slot, pushing it as far back as it will go. Part of the label end will protrude from the printer's frame.

If you want to change a cartridge while the power is on, do this:

- Make sure the printer is off line. If necessary, press the [ON LINE] button until the light is off.

- Be sure the DATA light is off. If the light is on, this means the printer contains material in its memory that has not yet been printed. Press the [PRINT] button, to print this material. When printing of all the material in memory is completed, the DATA light will go off.

- Make the desired cartridge changes.

- Press [ON LINE], so that the light is on, and continue your printing as desired.

Note: If you attempt to change a cartridge while the printer in on line, the printer will go off line. The screen will display the message CHECK CARTRIDGE and the slot number. Replace the cartridge and press [ERROR SKIP], then [ON LINE], which may allow you to continue. If this doesn't work, turn the power off, then on again. For more on this subject, see "Font/Emulation Cartridge Problems" in the chapter "Troubleshooting."
ADJUSTING PRINT QUALITY

At some time you may find that the quality of the printing is not what you want. You may run test prints and then make the printing lighter or darker, as desired.

Begin by running an engine test print, which consists of a pattern of vertical lines. To do this, make sure there is paper in the paper cassette and turn the printer on, if necessary. Now look on the right hand side of the printer about halfway back. You will see a small hole.

Take a pointed pencil and gently press it into the hole. The alarm will sound and the screen will display

ENGINE TEST.

Examine the printed sheet that comes from the printer to determine whether the density of the print is satisfactory, and the density is uniform throughout the printed page.

If you want to adjust the print density, follow this procedure:

- Open the printer.
- At the left front you will see a green knurled dial, marked with the odd numbers from 1 through 9.
To make the printing lighter, turn the dial clockwise to a higher number.

To make the printing darker; turn the dial counterclockwise to a lower number.

For more on improving the quality of your prints, see “Streaky Prints” in the chapter “Troubleshooting.”
If this were the best of all possible computer worlds, every software application would run automatically on the Star Laser Printer 8III or any other printer. The fact is that software applications—word processing, spreadsheets, databases, or others—are designed to work with a specific printer or a limited group of printers.

Some very popular software applications were written before laser printers became common, and require a dot-matrix or daisy-wheel printer. Some software is linked to a particular brand of computer and printer. And some can be used on only one brand of laser printer.

As you have read, some of the commands needed for printing are resident in the Star Laser Printer 8III. Some can be programmed from the front panel. And some must be issued by the computer, from within a program. Some applications programs allow the user to specify a printer or printers, either by name or by type. Once the selection is made, it becomes part of the program file. As a result, printing usually requires nothing more than issuing a one or two keystroke command.

In this chapter you will learn how to specify the Star Laser Printer 8III for three popular applications programs for IBM-compatible computers: Lotus 1-2-3, WordPerfect, Microsoft Word, and Microsoft Windows. The Star Laser Printer 8III will print graphics as well as words and numbers, emulating Hewlett Packard graphics, all densities of the Epson dot matrix printers, and the IBM Proprinter semigraphics. It can also be used with the two popular desktop publishing programs, Aldus PageMaker, and Xerox Ventura Publisher, which uses the GEM desktop environment. Both are compatible with the HP LaserJet III. For further information consult the Applications Manual.

Before you begin printing, be sure your Star Laser Printer 8III is correctly configured for your computer by having either the parallel or serial interface selected and the correct cabling. Prior to printing, make sure that you have selected the same emulation from the front panel as the one you specified in the application.
LOTUS 1-2-3

Original Version:
The original version of Lotus 1-2-3 is perhaps the most widely used applications program. It also predates the popularity of laser printers. However, Lotus 1-2-3 can readily be used with dot-matrix printers. This makes it easy to use with the Star LaserPrinter 8III, because it emulates two dot-matrix printers, the Epson EX-800 and the IBM Proprinter.

There are two ways to make Lotus compatible with a printer:

- **permanently**, in a startup configuration file through the /Worksheet Menu, and
- **temporarily**, through the Print/Printer Menu.

The more straightforward of the two choices is to make the choice permanent and automatic upon startup. Doing this saves the printer setup in the file 123.CNI on the Lotus system disk. Here is how to do this:

At the opening screen and Menu, select Worksheet by typing

/W

In the next Menu, select Global by typing

G

and then, at the Global Menu, select Default by typing

.D

In the Default Menu, type

P

for Printer. Now you are ready to make some selections about the configuration of your Star LaserPrinter 8III.

The first of these is telling Lotus 1-2-3 whether your printer will use a parallel or serial interface.

   For parallel, type

      1
For serial, type

2

You will now see a series of options. If you have a parallel interface, make these selections next:

- **Automatic line feed**—type
  
  N

  for No. If you look at your sample print under Paper Feed Group, you will see that the matching command is **off**.

- **Pitch**—If you are using a standard font, you do not need to make a selection here.

Now you are through with the parallel configuration. To save these new values, in the Default Menu type

U

for Update. Finally, type

Q

for Quit, and Lotus 1-2-3 is ready to use with the Star LaserPrinter 8III.

For a serial interface, type 2 to select it. Choices following this are:

- **Data transmission rate**—type
  
  6

  for 9600 baud.

- **Automatic line feed**—type
  
  N

  for No. If you look at your sample print under Paper Feed Group, you will see that the matching command is **off**.

- **Pitch**—If you are using a standard font, you do not need to make a selection here.
Now you are through with the serial configuration. To save these new values, in the Default Menu type

U

for Update. Finally, type

Q

for Quit, and Lotus 1-2-3 is ready to use with the Star LaserPrinter 8III.

If you are interested in customizing your Lotus files’ communication with the Star LaserPrinter 8III, you should consult the section in the Lotus 1-2-3 manual entitled “Printer Control Codes.”

With the Star LaserPrinter 8III, you can use Lotus 1-2-3’s PrintGraph feature to reproduce charts and graphs, in the Epson emulation. To do this you must select options that configure PrintGraph for this emulation.

If you are in Lotus, save your worksheet with File and Save,

/FS

and your graph with Graph and Save,

/GS

Access PrintGraph and insert the PrintGraph program disk in Drive A and the font disk in Drive B. From the menu make these selections:

Configurable Device—Epson FX-80 (either single, double, or quad density—the Star LaserPrinter 8III supports them all), using the arrow keys to position the pointer, and

<Enter>

Page—type width and length values for the size of paper; this should match the printer paper cassette used in the printer

Interface—if your printer will use a parallel connection, highlight

1

and

<Enter>

With a serial connection, select a baud rate of 9600, which is rate choice number 8.
To make these changes permanent, save them by typing

/s

and choosing

Replace

Now select

Quit

to return to the main PrintGraph menu. PrintGraph is now ready to use with the Star LaserPrinter 8III.

**Lotus 1-2-3 Release 2**

In this newer version of Lotus 1-2-3, all equipment selections are saved in a single driver file, called *123.SET*. Select your printer from the Install program, through the option called

Change Selected Equipment.

On this Menu, select

Text Printer

and press <ENTER>. From the list of printers, choose

HP LaserJet II

and then select

Save Changes

to record your choice.

From the main Lotus Menu, you can specify your default printer by selecting

/Worksheet Global Default Printer Name

You can also use the Star LaserPrinter 8III's Epson EX-800 and IBM Proprinter emulations, following the same routine from the Lotus Menus.

For graphics, place the PrintGraph disk in drive A. Select

PrintGraph

from the Lotus 1-2-3 menu. Or from DOS, type

pgraph
and
<Enter>.

Put the configuration menu on the screen by selecting Settings.

To specify the printer connection, either parallel or serial, select Hardware and Interface.

For printer type, from the Hardware menu, choose Printer and designate HP LaserJet II.

From the configuration menu you can also choose fonts, paper size (be sure to select the same size paper cassette for the printer), and actions such as whether the printer should pause or eject the paper after each graph is printed.

When you have finished, make your selections permanent by choosing Save from the configuration menu. When you quit PrintGraph, you are ready to use your Star LaserPrinter 8III.

**WORDPERFECT**

WordPerfect must be installed before you can select a printer. Once this is done, display the Printer Control Menu by pressing [SHIFT] and Function Key 7.

From the list of options that appears on the screen, type the number 4 for Printer Control. Of the three options that now appear, choose Select Printers by typing 3.
From the list of defined printers, select either HP LaserJet III, Epson EX-800, or IBM Proprinter, and call it Printer No.1.

Now you must specify the interface connection. If you are using a parallel interface, for LPT1, type

0

For a serial interface, for COM1 type

4

You must now specify the serial parameters, including baud rate, parity, stop bits, and character length. Be sure that you specify the same values in WordPerfect as you do for the Star LaserPrinter 8III. Consult the sample print under Interface Group for the printer’s default values. To save your WordPerfect selections, EXIT the program.

MICROSOFT WORD 4.0

In Microsoft Word, you can make your printer selections through the Print Menu. At the text screen, press [ESC]. Then select PRINTER by typing

P

In the resulting Menu, select OPTIONS by typing

O

A list of available printers appears at the top of the screen. Each of these printers is the subject of a Printer Description (PRD) File, which is found on the Printer Disk or the Utilities Disk.

Depending on which release of Microsoft Word you have, you can select the HP LaserJet III. You should copy the PRD file for the printer you want to use to the main Word disk, or to a hard disk. Once you do this, the printer will appear in the Menu for selection at time of printing.

For the HP LaserJet III, you need three PRD files:

- **HPLASLAN.PRD**—for all landscape fonts in cartridges, including Courier 12, LetterGothic 12, Lineprinter 8.5, Prestige 7 and 10, and Times Roman 10.

- **HPDWSNSFP.PRD**—for all portrait fonts available in downloadable fonts.
• **HPDOWNSFL.PRD**—for all landscape fonts available in downloadable fonts.

For the Epson, copy these files:

• **EPSONFXQ.PRD**—which uses graphics mode during justification.

• **EPSONFX.PRD**—which uses full width spaces for justification, and is faster than the method used in EPSONFXQ.PRD.

For IBM Proprinter emulation, copy:

• **IBMPRO.PRD**

**MICROSOFT WINDOWS**

Microsoft Windows is a program that coordinates the use of various programs that might not otherwise be compatible on the screen. Windows can be configured for your printer, but you should also be aware that any applications program that you use may have its own printer requirements, which must be taken into consideration.

To choose a printer for Windows, at the initial Menu select

**CONTROL PANEL.**

From the resulting Menu, select the

**INSTALLATION**

Menu, then

**ADD A PRINTER.**

The screen will display a box that reads:

Add printer

Insert the disk with the printer file you wish to add into drive A, or choose an alternative drive/directory:

A:\

OK CANCEL

---

84
Insert the Utilities disk in drive A and press OK.

Now the screen displays this box:

**Available Printers**  **Printer File:**

- Epson FX-80
- NEC 3550
- HP LaserJet
- HP LaserJet Plus
- HP 7470A

Add  Cancel

Highlight HP LaserJet Plus or Epson and select ADD.

Another box appears in response:

- Copy associated printer file HPLASERP.DRV
  - to drive/directory:
    - C:\Windows (if you have a hard disk)

Yes  No  Cancel

selecting YES confirms your printer choice and returns you to the CONTROL PANEL Menu.

If you are just starting with Windows, you should select SETUP from the CONTROL PANEL Menu. This will present a Menu with three options.

You should first select PRINTER and from the list choose the printer you wish to use.

Next, from SETUP select CONNECTIONS. This will let you designate the parallel or serial port for the printer, clicking OK to confirm it.

If you are using a serial printer, go to SETUP once again, and select COMMUNICATIONS.
After you indicate the active port you have already chosen, Windows will present a series of settings options. Type in the desired baud rate and “push the button” for your selection of word (bit) length, parity, stop bits, handshake, and port.

Select HARDWARE handshake and 1 stop bit.

Be sure that the other selections match the printer settings shown under Interface Group on the Star LaserPrinter 8111’s sample print.
The Star LaserPrinter 8III is a sophisticated piece of equipment, but its routine maintenance is simple, and requires only a soft cloth, a cotton swab, and mild detergent.

Portions of the interior of the printer require periodic cleaning. This should occur at the time you change the toner cartridge. But they should be a part of routine maintenance, as well.

To prevent paper dust from interfering with the operation of the printer, each day you should wipe three interior areas with a moistened soft cloth:

- **paper feed guide area**: use caution, since this area may be hot
- transfer guide

- transfer paper guide

Each day you should also gently clean off the transfer corona wires, using a cotton swab.
Periodically you should use the wire brush contained within the printer to clean the groove near the transfer corona wires. Be careful not to damage the wires.
Finally, you can clean the exterior of the printer with a mild detergent and a soft cloth. Before you begin, unplug the printer, and remove the paper cassette and any font cartridges.
An important key to reliable operation of your Star LaserPrinter 8111 is knowing how to respond when trouble occurs. Some problem conditions can be handled on the spot by the printer operator. Others require servicing by trained personnel. This chapter will explain when to do what. It will also help you deal with the paper jamming and other operational problems.

**ERROR MESSAGES DISPLAYED ON THE SCREEN**

The front panel screen may display a variety of messages during the course of operation of the Star LaserPrinter 8111. You are already familiar with the display sequence during power-up, and when programming the printer. Some messages provide information about the paper supply in the cassette or the condition of the toner cartridge. Others have to do with fonts or emulations.

Another way of considering errors is that some of them result from failures in hardware or software. Other errors are functional, meaning that either the printer operator or the host computer has commanded the controller to perform an operation that is beyond its designed capabilities.

If the printer malfunctions for some reason, warning messages will appear on the screen, recommending what action you should take. The most serious are messages that tell you to call for repair service. Some messages concern less serious conditions that can be handled by the printer operator. Information messages relate a communication problem with the host computer, but do not affect the printer's operation. These messages are summarized here.
Engine service call messages

Engine service call messages are related to the interface with the engine. They can result from either a communication failure, or a halt in the engine's ready level.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MESSAGE</th>
<th>MEANING</th>
<th>RESULT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL SERVICE 01</td>
<td>improper communication</td>
<td>processing stops; alarm beeps; press [ERROR SKIP] to reset engine and recheck</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALL SERVICE 02</td>
<td>laser synchronization</td>
<td>processing stops; alarm beeps; press [ERROR SKIP] to reset engine and recheck</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALL SERVICE 03</td>
<td>scanner motor malfunction</td>
<td>processing stops; alarm beeps; press [ERROR SKIP] to reset engine and recheck</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALL SERVICE 04</td>
<td>improper communication</td>
<td>processing stops; alarm beeps; press [ERROR SKIP] to reset engine and recheck</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Controller error messages result from failure in either hardware or software. Some controller error messages occur during startup tests. The messages mean that the controller is malfunctioning, but is still able to display the error message. Certain conditions can also be detected during controller reset, on insertion of a cartridge, and at other times after the completion of power-up initialization. An error stops the test sequence, the unit goes off line, and the alarm sounds. The controller will attempt to recover, if possible. If the problem is not found during initialization, but recurs during operation, most likely the fault is in the hardware.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MESSAGE</th>
<th>MEANING</th>
<th>RESULT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALL SERVICE 05</td>
<td>CRC error in controller main ROM program</td>
<td>program halts; fatal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALL SERVICE 06</td>
<td>CRC error in resident font ROM</td>
<td>program halts; fatal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALL SERVICE 07</td>
<td>read/write test error in on-board RAM</td>
<td>program halts; fatal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALL SERVICE 08</td>
<td>read/write test error in expansion RAM (if present)</td>
<td>program halts; fatal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARTRIDGE 1 BAD</td>
<td>CRC error in Cartridge 1 (if present)</td>
<td>sequence stops; alarm beeps; shut off power and fix problem; or depress [ERROR SKIP] to continue, in which case Cartridge 1 is ignored</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARTRIDGE 2 BAD</td>
<td>CRC error in Cartridge 2 (if present)</td>
<td>sequence stops; alarm beeps; shut off power and fix problem; or depress [ERROR SKIP] to continue, in which case Cartridge 2 is ignored</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALL SERVICE 10</td>
<td>CRC error in NV RAM</td>
<td>sequence stops; alarm beeps; shut off power and fix problem; or depress [ERROR SKIP] to continue, in which case program uses factory settings as power-up settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NO FONT PRESENT</td>
<td>no font present</td>
<td>program halts; fatal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FATAL RAM ERROR</td>
<td>RAM error on main board</td>
<td>program or expansion board halts; fatal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROGRAM ERROR</td>
<td>ROM error on main board</td>
<td>program halts; fatal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIMER ERROR</td>
<td>counter-timer error</td>
<td>program halts; fatal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OPERATOR CALL MESSAGES

Whenever the screen displays operator call messages, the printer goes off line and the alarm sounds. The problem is one that the operator should be able to resolve. After making any corrections, the message will be turned off and printing will continue.

**Engine Problems**

These are mechanical problems that prevent the engine from being ready to print.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MESSAGE</th>
<th>MEANING</th>
<th>ACTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REFILL CAS-SETTE</td>
<td>out of paper</td>
<td>printing stops; refill according to procedure in Chapter 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SET EPS CART.</td>
<td>no toner cartridge</td>
<td>insert or reposition toner cartridge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAPER JAMMING</td>
<td>paper is jammed within</td>
<td>follow printer procedure on page 106.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLOSE COVER</td>
<td>printer cover is open</td>
<td>close cover</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Font/ Emulation Cartridge Problems**

The font and emulation cartridges plug into the printer. They can be inserted or withdrawn at any time, even while the printer is in operation. If someone does this while the printer is on line, the printer will immediately go off line, and the screen will display an operator call message. After resolving the problem, you should press [ERROR SKIP], which configures the unit. If you want to continue printing, press [ON LINE].

If a cartridge is removed while it is being accessed, the screen will display a message, if possible. After resolving the problem, the operator must reinitialize the printer by turning the power off and then on again.
### Change Paper Size

Certain emulations permit paper size to be specified by the host computer. Also, paper size may be selected from the menu. If a change in paper size is required, the screen will display a message to that effect. The alarm will beep, but the printer will not go off line. You may have the printer ignore such a message by pressing [ERROR SKIP]. If you remove the present paper cassette, the printer goes off line. After inserting the correct paper cassette, you should press [ERROR SKIP], for verification. You may then press [ON LINE].

| MESSAGE   | MEANING                    | ACTION                  |
|-----------|----------------------------|                        |
| CHANGE A4 | A4 paper cassette needed   | follow procedure above |
| CHANGE LETTER | Letter paper cassette needed | follow procedure above |
| CHANGE LEGAL | Legal paper cassette needed | follow procedure above |
| CHANGE EXEC. | Exec. paper cassette needed | follow procedure above |
| CHANGE B5   | B5 paper cassette needed   | follow procedure above |
Manual Paper Feed

Certain emulations permit specifying manual paper feed from the host computer. Also, you may select manual feed from the Menu. The following messages tell you to hand feed paper of a specific size. The alarm beeps, but the printer does not go off line. When you feed the appropriate paper through the manual feed slot, the message will be turned off and printing will continue.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MESSAGE</th>
<th>MEANING</th>
<th>ACTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M-FEED A4</td>
<td>A4 paper to be hand fed</td>
<td>follow procedure above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-FEED LETTER</td>
<td>Letter paper to be hand fed</td>
<td>follow procedure above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-FEED LEGAL</td>
<td>Legal paper to be hand fed</td>
<td>follow procedure above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-FEED EXEC.</td>
<td>Exec. paper to be hand fed</td>
<td>follow procedure above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-FEED B5</td>
<td>B5 paper to be hand fed</td>
<td>follow procedure above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-FEED MONARCH</td>
<td>Monarch size envelope to be</td>
<td>follow procedure above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>hand fed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-FEED COM-10</td>
<td>COM-10 size envelope to be</td>
<td>follow procedure above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>hand fed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-FEED INT. DL</td>
<td>International DL size envelope</td>
<td>follow procedure above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>to be hand fed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-FEED INT. C5</td>
<td>International C5 size envelope</td>
<td>follow procedure above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>to be hand fed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OPERATOR INFORMATION MESSAGES

These messages provide information, but do not halt the printing process. The alarm sounds, and if necessary, the printer uses a default value. You may remove the message by pressing [ERROR SKIP]. Note that if there are multiple errors, the last one detected is displayed.

Host Communication Problems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MESSAGE</th>
<th>MEANING</th>
<th>ACTION/STATUS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LINE ERROR</td>
<td>parity error in host data</td>
<td>follow procedure above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INPUT OVERFLOW</td>
<td>input buffer overflow</td>
<td>follow procedure above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAD FONT DATA</td>
<td>downloaded font bad</td>
<td>downloaded font ignored</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAD FONT CODE</td>
<td>downloaded font in error</td>
<td>downloaded font ignored</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAD CHARACTER CODE</td>
<td>loaded character</td>
<td>downloaded outside indices font ignored</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Function or Size Incompatibility**

These are problems that occur when the host computer requests a function not provided or a function that requires more memory than is available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>MESSAGE</strong></th>
<th><strong>MEANING</strong></th>
<th><strong>STATUS</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PAGE OVERFLOW</td>
<td>page buffer memory overflow</td>
<td>partial page currently composed is printed and ejected; remaining data for page is printed on next sheet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CANNOT ROTATE</td>
<td>insufficient memory to rotate font</td>
<td>font rotation aborted; printing continues using closest available font</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CANNOT DOWNLOAD</td>
<td>insufficient memory to download font</td>
<td>download font aborted; printing continues using closest available font</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHAR NOT IN FONT</td>
<td>received character not in currently selected font</td>
<td>blank space is printed for that character</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOO MANY FONTS</td>
<td>too many fonts for font table</td>
<td>excess fonts are discarded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NO MEM FOR FORM</td>
<td>no room for form download</td>
<td>macro download is aborted</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
STATUS MESSAGES

Status messages are low priority messages that either indicate normal conditions or provide warnings that need not be acted upon immediately. These conditions should not occur when the printer is on line. If they do, however, the alarm will beep and the printer will go off line. For some conditions however, there is the possibility of a condition occurring when the printer is on line. If it does, the alarm will not sound and the printer will remain on line.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MESSAGE</th>
<th>MEANING</th>
<th>ACTION/STATUS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PRINTER WARMUP</td>
<td>printer is warming up but service call not necessary</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGINE TEST</td>
<td>operator has initiated a test of the printing</td>
<td>test in progress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENGINE RESET</td>
<td>engine is being reset</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REINITIALIZE</td>
<td>controller software initialization</td>
<td>may occur when printer is on line if emulation is changed from host</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STATUS SHEET</td>
<td>status sheet printout</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REPRINT LOST PGS</td>
<td>retransmission of lost sheets</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROTATING FONT</td>
<td>wait for font rotation</td>
<td>may occur when on line</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TONER LOW</td>
<td>toner cartridge may need replacing</td>
<td>may occur when on line</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRINTER READY</td>
<td>all conditions normal and proper; no unused data in controller or pages in printing</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRINTER ACTIVE</td>
<td>all conditions normal and proper; unused data in controller or pages in printing</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PAPER JAMMING

As paper travels from the cassette through the printing area and is ejected, it can jam in one of four places: (1) as it leaves the cassette, (2) within the printing area, (3) near the fixing assembly, and (4) where the paper is ejected.

If the paper does not move freely through any of these places, the printer screen will display the message

PAPER JAMMING

and the printer will go off line. First open the printer and see where the paper is jammed. If the paper is stuck as it comes from the cassette, open the transfer paper guide. Then grasp the paper and pull up on it. If this does not work, you should remove the paper cassette, then repeat the operation, which should now be successful.
If the paper jams within the printing area, open the transfer paper guide. Then grasp the paper and pull upward on it.

If the paper jam occurs near the fixing assembly, first lift the fixing assembly cover, your next step depends on how the paper is stuck.
Either grasp the end of the paper near the front of the printer and pull it toward you,

or grasp the end near the rear of the printer and pull the paper straight up.

Note: Use caution in touching this portion of the printer, as it becomes hot during operation. If you get toner on your hands, wash them immediately.
With paper jams that occur where the printed copy is ejected in the facedown position, you also have two options. With the printer cover open, grasp the paper and pull it toward you.

If the paper is partially ejected, close the cover of the printer, grasp the paper, and pull it toward you. Take care in handling the paper, as it might be hot.

After cleaning a paper jam, close the printer cover, if necessary. To resume printing, press [ON LINE].
ADJUSTING PRINT QUALITY

At some time you may find that the quality of the printing is not what you want. You may run test prints and then make the printing lighter or darker, as desired.

Begin by running an engine test print, which consists of a pattern of vertical lines. To do this, make sure there is paper in the paper cassette and turn the printer on, if necessary. Now look on the right hand side of the printer about halfway back. You will see a small hole.

Take a pointed pencil and gently press it into the hole. The alarm will sound and the screen will display

ENGINE TEST

Examine the printed sheet that comes from the printer to determine whether the density of the print (dark or light) is satisfactory, and that the density is uniform throughout the printed page.

If you want to adjust the print density, follow this procedure:

- Open the printer.
- At the left front you will see a green knurled dial, marked with the odd numbers from 1 through 9.
- To make the printing lighter, turn the dial clockwise to a higher number.

- To make the printing darker, turn the dial counterclockwise to a lower number.
STREAKY PRINTS

You may see unevenly printed pages, white streaks or areas, or dark streaks or areas.

**White streaks**
There are several possible causes of light areas on the printed page:

- **Low toner**— Check to see if the status message

```
TONER LOW
```

is displayed on the screen. If so, follow the procedure described in the chapter “Setting Up the Star LaserPrinter 8III.”

1. Unplug the printer and open the printer cover. Remove the toner cartridge and throw it away.

2. Open the upper fixing assembly cover, remove the used fixing roller cleaner, and throw it away.

   **Note:** this area may be hot, so use caution when working near it.

3. Open a fresh toner cartridge package. Clean the fixing roller with the cleaning pad that comes with the new fixing roller cleaner. Remove the cleaning pad (throw it away) and install the new fixing roller cleaner in the fixing assembly. Close the fixing assembly cover.

4. Clean the transfer guide with a moistened cloth.

5. Use the cotton swab to clean the transfer corona wires. Discard the used swab.

6. Use the wire cleaner stored within the printer to brush off the discharging pins. Replace the wire cleaner in its holder.

7. Rock the new EP-S toner cartridge back and forth several times, then install it. Close the printer cover.

8. Plug the power cord back into the wall socket and restart the printer. Make several test prints, to examine print quality.

- **Unevenly distributed toner**— If the TONER LOW message does not appear, you may have to redistribute the toner in the cartridge:

1. Unplug the printer. Open the printer cover half way and remove the toner cartridge.
2. Rock the cartridge back and forth several times, as you did before initial installation. Be careful not to rock it too vigorously, to avoid toner discoloration of future prints.

3. Return the cartridge to the printer, and close the lid.

4. Plug the printer back into the wall socket and restart the printer. Then make several test prints to examine print quality.

**Dark Streaks or Stains**

Dark areas on a printed page indicate that several areas of the printer need cleaning. Before starting these procedures, unplug the printer. Open the printer cover and remove the toner cartridge. As always, use caution near the fixing assembly, as it may be hot.

- **Primary corona wire**—This is located within the toner cartridge. Take the wire cleaner stored inside the printer, and insert it in one end of the slot, making sure it goes in as far as possible. Move it back and forth the length of the slot.
Remove the brush and set the toner cartridge carefully aside.

- **Discharging pins**— Use the wire brush to clean the discharging pins, taking care not to damage the transfer corona wires. Return the brush to its holder inside the printer.
• **Transfer corona wires**—Take a cotton swab and carefully wipe off the wires. Discard the swab.

• **Transfer guide**—Moisten a cloth and wipe off the transfer guide.

After completing these cleaning operations, return the toner cartridge to the printer and close the cover. Plug the printer back into the wall socket. Restart it and make several test prints, to examine print quality.
GARBLED TEXT OF FORMATS/HEX DUMP

If the text as printed is not what you have sent from the computer, there may be a compatibility problem involving the command set. To see exactly what the printer is receiving, you may want to print text in hexadecimal, rather than conventional ASCII text. This is what is called a hex dump, and can be enabled from the printer’s front panel.

In Program mode, press [NEXT] until the screen displays

COMMAND

• Press [ENTER]

• Press [NEXT] until the screen reads

HEX DUMP

• Pressing [ENTER] shows

Hex Dump Off

• Press [NEXT] so that the screen moves to

Hex Dump On

• Press [ENTER] to select it.

For further information on using the hex dump to modify your software or hardware, please consult an experienced programmer or other expert on your system.
Basic Specifications:

- Type
  Laser beam page printer

- Engine
  Resolution: 300 x 300 dots per inch
  Speed: 8 pages per minute
  First Print: 21 seconds (letter or A4 size, delivered face down)
  Warm up: under 1 minute (at 68°F or 20°C)

- Emulation
  Resident: HP LaserJet III
  IBM Proprinter
  Epson EX-800

- RAM
  Resident: 1 megabyte
  Optional: 1, 2, or 4 megabytes on RAM Expansion Board

- Host Interface (Standard)
  Serial: RS-232, 150—19200 baud
  Parallel: Centronics

- Selection of Interface
  Serial or Parallel: via Operator Panel
  Serial baud rate: via Operator Panel

- Default Values
  Setting: via Operator Panel
  Store: in NV RAM
• Fonts
  Resident: Courier
  Line Printer
  CG Times
  Univers
  Option: Font cartridges

• Paper
  Cassette feed: approx. 200 sheets of 20 lb (80 g/m²) paper;
  maximum stacking height: 20 mm (.78 in.)
  Manual feed: 3.9 x 7.5 in.—8.5 x 14 in.
  100 x 190 mm—216 x 356 mm
  Output: face down: approx. 100 sheets
  face up: approx. 20 sheets

• Printing Area: top, bottom, and right margins: 5 mm (0.2 in.)
  left margin: 4 mm (0.16 in.)

• Image Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sheet sizes</th>
<th>Scan Size</th>
<th>Image</th>
<th>Feed Size</th>
<th>Image</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>legal</td>
<td>8.5 in.</td>
<td>2442 pel</td>
<td>14 in.</td>
<td>4080 lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>letter</td>
<td>8.5 in.</td>
<td>2442 pel</td>
<td>11 in.</td>
<td>3180 lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A4</td>
<td>210 mm</td>
<td>2372 pel</td>
<td>297 mm</td>
<td>3387 lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B5</td>
<td>182 mm</td>
<td>2041 pel</td>
<td>257 mm</td>
<td>2915 lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>executive</td>
<td>7.25 in.</td>
<td>2067 pel</td>
<td>10.5 in.</td>
<td>3030 lines</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Acoustic noise: standby: max.43 dBA
  printing: max.53 dBA

• Environment
  Operation: 50°F—90°F (10°C—32.5°C)
  20-80% relative humidity
  Storage: 32°F—95°F (0°C—35°C)
  10-80% relative humidity

• Power Source:
  100V(50/60 Hz)
  115V(60 Hz)
  220-240V(50 Hz)
• **Weight:** 45 lbs (20 kg)
• **Pulse durations:** min. 300nS
• **Max radiant power:** 5mW
Dimensions:

* With A4 cassette installed and extension tray folded out


**Reliability**

- **Suggested monthly print volume**
  
  500—3000 prints

- **Definition of failure**
  
  Any loss of operation that requires calling a service person. Operator errors and installation failures are not included.

- **Product life**
  
  Five years or 300,000 prints, whichever comes first.

- **Mean time between failures/mean prints between failures**
  
  3,000 hours or 30,000 prints

- **Mean time to repair**
  
  30 minutes or less

- **Paper feed reliability**
  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jam</td>
<td>1/2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multifeed</td>
<td>1/1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>1/2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Cartridge durability and reliability**
  
  Approx. 4000 prints
  
  Period of validity: 2.5 years from date of production

- **Periodic maintenance time, by operator**
  
  10 minutes or less
**Pin Functions on Interfaces**

- Parallel interface

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Signal Name</th>
<th>Direction</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>STROBE</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Goes from High to Low (for at least 0.5 microseconds) when data are valid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>DATA1</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Eight-bit character data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>DATA2</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>DATA8 is the most significant bit; DATA1 is the least significant bit. High is logic 1 and Low is logic 0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>DATA3</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Eight-bit character data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>DATA4</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>DATA8 is the most significant bit; DATA1 is the least significant bit. High is logic 1 and Low is logic 0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>DATA5</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Eight-bit character data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>DATA6</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Eight-bit character data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>DATA7</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Eight-bit character data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>DATA8</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Eight-bit character data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>ACK</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>A low pulse acknowledges receipt of data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>BUSY</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>Low when the printer is ready to accept data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>PAPER OUT</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>Goes High if the printer runs out of paper.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>SELECTED</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>High when the printer is on line</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14-15</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>SIGNAL GND</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>Signal ground.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>CHASSIS GND</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>Printer’s chassis ground, isolated from signal ground.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>+5VDC</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>External supply of +5VDC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19-30</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>Twisted pair return signal ground level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>RESET</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Low input resets the printer to its power-on condition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>ERROR</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>Goes low to signal that the printer cannot print due to an error condition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>EXT GND</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>External ground.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34-36</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>Unused</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• Serial interface

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Signal Name</th>
<th>Direction</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Chassis ground.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>TXD</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>Carries data from the printer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>RXD</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Carries data to the printer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>RTS</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>On when the printer is ready to receive data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-6</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Unused.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Signal ground.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8-19</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Unused.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>DTR</td>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>On when the printer is ready to receive data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21-25</td>
<td>N/C</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>Unused.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ASCII (as' kee) — a standardized and commonly accepted numerical code that represents letters, numbers, and symbols, as well as command sets. ASCII stands for American Standard Code for Information Interchange.

Baud — a measure of the speed at which information is transmitted. The baud rate, which is set for serial transmissions, is approximately the number of characters transmitted per second multiplied by 10.

Byte — a series of 8 bits that represents one character.

Centronics interface — a standard wiring configuration for parallel data transmission. Centronics is often used as a synonym for the parallel standard developed by Centronics Inc.

Character Set — the complete set of characters available in a font.

Data Bits — the number of bits in a transmitted byte that actually contains data.

Emulation — behaving like something else. The Star LaserPrinter 8III can emulate, or behave like three other printers, the Epson EX-800 and IBM Proprinter dot matrix printers, and the HP LaserJet III laser printer.

Font — a set of letters, numbers, and symbols of the same typeface design.

Glyph — a graphic symbol that conveys information.

Handshaking — in data communication, the automatic acknowledging by the receiving device of information that has been sent to it, either by signals and the interface ("hard") or by software control ("soft").

Hex dump — conversion by the printer of ASCII symbols into their hexadecimal (base 16) equivalent. This is useful for programmers or other users who want to troubleshoot the communications between the computer and the printer.
HMI (Horizontal Motion Index) — refers to dot spacing in the smallest increment that can be made in the horizontal or x axis.

Interface — a hardware plug that allows cable connections of two devices. For instance, a cable from a computer parallel port to a printers parallel port.

Landscape — printing on paper across its wider dimension, such as a spreadsheet that is 11 in. wide and 8 1/2 in. high; landscape pictures are usually wider than they are tall.

NV RAM — NV(Non-volatile) Random Access Memory is the permanent storage by the Star LaserPrinter 8111 of settings programmed from the front panel, even when the power is turned off. When the printer is turned on again, these settings become the current settings.

Parallel — a communications interface that sends or receives 8 bits of information plus control signals at a time.

Parity — a bit in a serial information that allows a computer and printer to automatically check for errors in transmission.

Pitch — the width of a typeface measured in characters per inch.

Point — the height of a type font, measured in points, or 1/72 of an inch.

Portrait — printing on paper across its narrower dimension, such as a letter on paper that is 8 1/2 in. wide and 11 in. high; portrait pictures are usually taller than they are wide.

Proportional type — a typeface in which some letters take up more room on a printed line than others, such as W taking more space than I. The spacing of the letters is also intended to enhance the esthetic quality of the printed page.

RAM — Random Access Memory, or memory that can be used to store information temporarily, such as text or printing configurations. RAM-stored information is erased when the power is turned off.

ROM — Read Only Memory, or memory in which information can be stored permanently, whether the power is on or off.

RS-232 — a wiring configuration for sending and receiving serial transmissions, including data and acknowledgments between sending and receiving equipment (“handshaking”).
Serial — a communications interface that sends or receives 1 bit of information at a time at a specified baud rate.

Stop Bit — 1 or 2 bits used by the computer for the timing of a transmission of information.

Stroke weight — the intensity of a printed character, such as light, medium, or bold. Normal printing is medium weight.

Symbol Set — the entire list of ASCII letters, numbers, and symbols used with a particular language, such as English or Spanish.

VMI (Vertical Motion Index) — refers to line spacing, the smallest increment that can be made in the vertical or y axis.
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**Consumer Response**

Star Micronics Co., Ltd. invites your suggestions and comments on your printer and this manual. Please address your correspondence to:

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STAR MICRONICS CO., LTD.
194 Nakayoshida
Shizuoka, JAPAN 422-91
Attn: Product Manager

**American Market:**
STAR MICRONICS AMERICA, INC.
420 Lexington Avenue, Suite 2702-25
New York, NY 10170
Attn: Product Manager

**European Market:**
STAR MICRONICS DEUTSCHLAND GMBH
Westerbachstraße 59
P.O. Box 940330
D-6000 Frankfurt/Main 90
F.R. of Germany
Attn: Product Manager

**U.K. Market:**
STAR MICRONICS U.K., LTD.
Star House
Peregrine Business Park
Gomm Road, High Wycombe
Bucks. HP13 7DL, U.K.
Attn: Product Manager

**French Market:**
STAR MICRONICS FRANCE S.A.R.L.
25, rue Michaël Faraday
78180 Montigny-le-Bretonneux
Attn: Product Manager

**Asian Market:**
STAR MICRONICS ASIA LTD.
Room 2408-10 Sincere Building;
173 Des Voeux Road, Central, HONG KONG
Attn: Product Manager